



CBIC Guidelines on the export of items suspected to be covered under the SCOMET List

CBIC issued Guidelines regarding the export of items suspected to be covered under SCOMET [Instruction No. 26/2025-Customs dated 14.08.2025]

- The Central Board of Indirect Taxes and Customs (CBIC) has recently issued guidelines regarding export of items suspected to be covered under SCOMET.
- These guidelines address challenges faced due to the highly technical nature of SCOMET classification.

Role of Technical Authorities under IMWG in SCOMET classification:

- The Inter-Ministerial Working Group (**IMWG**) in Directorate General of Foreign Trade (**DGFT**) not only evaluates export permissions but also plays a key role in the technical classification of SCOMET items.
- Where ambiguity exists, the SCOMET Cell at DGFT, in consultation with relevant Technical Authorities under the IMWG, issues the final determination.
- Exporters are encouraged to seek such clarifications in advance to avoid delays and additional costs during clearance.

Repository for guidance of coverage under SCOMET List:

- CBIC's earlier Instruction dated June 12, 2025, highlighted the availability of a repository of DGFT-issued SCOMET clarifications on the CBIC website.
- These clarifications are for reference only. Each item must still be examined individually based on its specifications, end use, and supporting details.
- Field formations should consult this repository when dealing with items suspected to be covered in the SCOMET List.

Seeking clarification:

- With prior written approval of the jurisdictional Commissioner of Customs, any ambiguity may be referred to the Single Nodal Point for Strategic Controls in CBIC (Customs-III Section, Customs Policy Wing).
- References must include complete technical documentation such as technical drawings, product specifications, end-user and end-use details, along with sample images, and a brief note on the issue.
- Customs-III will seek clarification from DGFT and share the outcome with field formations.
- Field formations are specifically directed not to approach DGFT directly for SCOMET matters.
- No Chartered Engineer (CE) Certificate is required for SCOMET classification or export clearance.

Examination of AEO:

In continuation of the memorandum dated December 18, 2024, wherein the Directorate of International Customs (DIC) was entrusted with examination Authorized Economic Operator (AEO) with Dual Use (DU) Qualified status, DIC is also to coordinate with National Academy of Customs, Indirect Taxes & Narcotics and other concerned agencies on the outreach relating to AEO and SCOMET.

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ELP Comments

The CBIC guidelines bring welcome clarity towards streamlining the classification and export clearance of SCOMET items, which are inherently technical and often give rise to interpretational challenges. From a compliance perspective, the emphasis on the role of the IMWG and the SCOMET Cell at DGFT provides exporters with muchneeded clarity on the formal approach to resolve interpretational ambiguities. The clarification that no Chartered Engineer (CE) certificate is required for SCOMET classification is also a positive move, as it removes an unnecessary compliance burden and ensures consistency in approach across field formations.

The reference to the repository of DGFT-issued clarifications on the CBIC website is another useful measure. However, it is important to note that these clarifications are illustrative and not determinative; each product still needs to be evaluated individually on the basis of its technical specifications, end-use, and end-user.

We hope you have found this information useful. For any queries/clarifications please write to us at insights@elp-in.com or write to our authors:

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